# Supplement

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### Section 1

### **Checklist For Breast Examination**

Section	Status:	1.	Comp	pleted	2.	Partially	Completed	3.	Refuse	d 4.	Write	reason	for	option	2	&	3:
1.			n prese	ent			et, armpit, or s	Ye	es/No								
2.				ntaneo e presei		nipple dise	charge. Yes/No	)									
3.	Observe				ıpar	ing both b	oreasts:										
	a.	Ski	in chan	iges:													
			i. (	Change	s in	overlying	g skin such as	: Y	es/No								
						edness			Yes/	No							
				2.	Di	mpling/ul	lcer		Yes/	No							
				3.	Sk	in thicker	ning		Y	es/ No							
			ii. S	Swellin	ıg/vi	sible lum	p		Y	es/ No							
			iii. (	Others,	spe	cify:					_						
	b.	Cor					f both the bre										
						aterally			es/No								
			11.	Abnorn					es/No								
					Sp	ecify:											
	C	Ohs	serve r	ninnles	ofb	oth breas	ts										
	C.					(Right/Le											
						tight/Left/											
		iii			-	ght/Left/I											
		111	1. 1	· voililai	(101	gna Dera i	<b>3</b> 0tii)										
	d.	An	ıv lum	p felt/p	alpa	ited in arn	npit. Yes/N	0									
	e.						the collar bo		Y	es/ No							
4.			-	-	-		the collar bo					identify	anv	abnorma	lity	/lum	m).
						dentified				es/ No							Γ).
			i. S	Specify	the	area(s):											
				- •													
5.	Any oth	ner re	elevant	exami	nati	on finding	gs, please spe	cify:	:				-				

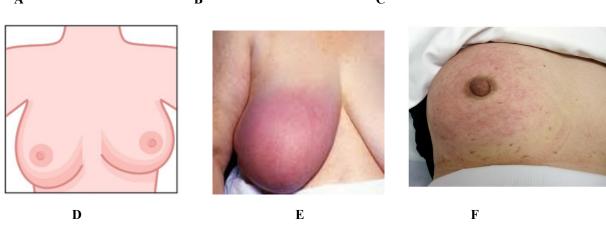
### **Section-2**

## **Knowledge and Attitudes Regarding Breast Cancer in the Healthcare Workers (HCW)**

1.	Breast cancer only occurs in women.
	a. Yes
	b. No
2.	Can Breast cancer occur in men?
	a. Yes
	b. No
3.	Con a surrous who has siven high to a shild and houset field and houset according
٥.	Can a woman who has given birth to a child and breast-fed, get breast cancer?  a. Yes
	b. No
4.	Can a woman who does not have a family history of breast cancer get diagnosed with breast cancer?
	a. Yes
	b. No
5.	Most breast cancers are, choose the correct answer:
	a. Associated with a family history.
	b. No clearly identifiable cause
6.	Which of the following presentations may be suggestive of breast cancer? (choose all that apply)
	a. Lump with pain
	b. Lump without pain
	c. Bloody discharge from nipple
	d. Dimpling of skin
	f. Thickening/ulceration of skin
	g. Don't know
	h. Others (specify):
7.	Which of the following modalities are needed to diagnose breast cancer? (Choose all that apply)
	a. By checkup/examination
	b. By mammography
	c. By ultrasound
	d. By biopsy
	e. Don't know
	f. Others (specify):
8.	What is the next step after a woman has been found with a new palpable mass in the breast on your exam
0.	a. Refer the patient for breast imaging such as mammogram/ultrasound/biopsy.
	c. Refer the patient directly for breast surgery.
	d. Wait and watch.
	e. Don't know
9.	Needle biopsy can lead to spread of cancer.
	a. Yes
	b. No
10.	Does breast cancer spread from person to person?
	a. Yes

b. No

11. A breast lump in a woman is always a cancer.	
a. Yes	
b. No	
12. It is best that Breast cancer left untouched.	
a. Yes	
b. No	
13: In your opinion, is breast cancer treatable?  a. Yes	
b. No	
c. Don't know	
<ul><li>14. If a woman has a painless lump in her breast, in your opinion, sh</li><li>a. Yes</li><li>b. No</li></ul>	nould she consult a health care professional?
15. Match the correct items:	
Changes in breasts	Picture no.
Lump in breast	
Abnormal changes in nipple	
Dimpling of skin	
Bloody discharge from nipple	
Any unusual change in the shape of both breast (s)	
Thickening/ulceration of skin	
A B C	









#### **Section-3**

### **Knowledge and Attitudes Regarding Breast Cancer in the Community**

Components of the Educational Intervention

The following topics were covered in an informal, semi-structured discussion with learners:

- O An overview of breast cancer including its incidence and risk factors.
- Signs and symptoms of breast cancer
- O Detection, evaluation, and diagnosis of breast cancer (importance of clinical breast exam, mammography, ultrasound and biopsy)
- O How to conduct a self-breast examination.
- What steps to take when an individual feels a lump in their breast.
- O What are the treatment options if breast cancer is diagnosed.

8. Can a woman get breast cancer even if she has nursed a child?

Que	estionnaire														
Nan	ne of the resp	ondent:													
Age	/Date of birt	h:		_											
Woı	man's ID: _				_ Household ID	):									
Date	e of Visit: _				_ Union Coun	ncil:									
Vill	age/Ward na	me:			Village/Ward co	de:									
Sect	tion Status:	1. Completed	2.	Parti	ally Completed	3.	Refused	1 4.	Write	reason	for	option	2	&	3:
1.	Have you ev	ver heard of Breas	– st car	ncer?											
	a.	Yes	b.	No	c. Don't know										
2.	In your opin	ion, is breast can	cer tı	reatab	ole?										
	a.	Yes	b.	No	c. Don't know										
3.	Does breast				to person by contact	ct (c	ontagio	ıs)?							
	a.	Yes	b.	No	c. Don't know										
4.	Do you knova.	w anyone who ha Yes			ated for breast cand c. Don't know	cer?									
5.	In your opin a. b. c.	tion, which of the Lump Blood discharge Dimpling of ski	e froi		may raise concerr	ns ab	out brea	ıst car	ncer? (C	Choose a	ll that	apply)			
	d.	•	_	in the	e shape of breast(s)	)									
	e. f.	Thickening of s Don't know	kın												
	g.		):												
6.	Can Breast	cancer occur in m	en?												
	a.	Yes	b.	No	c. Don't know										
7.		ody get breast can Yes		ven it No	f none of their fame c. Don't know	ily n	nembers	have	been d	iagnosed	with	breast c	ance	r?	

9.	In your opinio	on, how can breast c	ancer be	e diagnosed? (Choose all that apply						
	a. ]	By checkup/examina	ation							
	b. 1	By mammography								
	c. By ultrasound									
	d. A combination of checkup/tests and biopsy									
		Don't know								
	f. (	Others (specify):								
10.	. If a woman ha	as a painless lump in	n her bro	east, in your opinion, should she consult a health care professional?						
	a.	Yes b.	No	c. Don't know						
11.	. At this point is	n time, do you have	any lur	mp or breast abnormality that you can see or feel?						
	a.	Yes b.	No	c. Don't know						
	If yes, wh	nat signs are present	?							
12.	. Will it be feas	sible for you if a hea	lth wor	ker comes to your place and teaches you how to examine your breast?						
	a.	Yes b.	No	c. Don't know						
13.	. If you are ask	ed to carry out breas	st self-e	xamination on a monthly basis, will you be able to do this?						
-5.	•	•		c. Don't know						

b. No c. Don't know

a. Yes

#### **Section 4**

### Reasons for Loss-to-Follow-Up for Last Appointment

Tick all that apply as reasons for not attending the last scheduled appointment

- Lack of adequate transportation facilities
- Long distance.
- Financial constraints.
- Household responsibilities.
- Childcare
- Care for elderly
- Prohibited by family member(s)
- No attendant/nobody available to accompany patient
- Forgot about appointment
- Were not properly informed about their appointment
- Thought appointment was not important
- Not satisfied with previous appointment
- Visited other healthcare facility
- Not feeling well enough to come to appointment
- Other (please specify):